



Tilia kiusiana



Height	4 - 6 (10) m
Crown	broad pyramidal, dark, dense crown
Bark and branches	young twigs softly hairy, bark brown-grey, rough
Leaf	elongated oval, dark green, 5 - 8 cm long and 3 - 5 cm wide
Autumn colour	yellow
Flowers	in corymbs of 8 - 15 together, cream white, July, fragrant flowers
Fruits	round, Ø 0.4 - 0.5 cm, brown hairy
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	any, provided well-drained
Paving	tolerates paving
Winter hardness zone	7 (-17,7 to -12,3 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	can withstand wind
Fauna tree	can withstand wind, valuable for butterflies
Application	parks, tree containers, cemeteries, roof gardens, large gardens
Shape	multi-stem tree
Origin	Central and southern Japan

Grows from a broad shrub shape into a small tree with a broad, pyramidal crown. In culture about 5 m tall but grows to around 10 m in the wild. The young twigs have soft hairs. The hair disappears after the first season. The leaves are strikingly slender and small for the linden. They are elongated oval with a long pointed tip and 5 - 8 cm long and 3 to 5 cm wide. The top of the leaf is dark green, the underside is lighter. Both sides have soft hairs and the margin is serrated. In autumn the leaf turns dark yellow. In July, cream-coloured flowers stand together in corymbs of 8 - 15. They are followed by brown, hairy round fruits. A graceful linden with abundant inflorescence suitable for parks and as a solitary tree. If grafted on a standard, the tree can also be used on green borders.