



Tamarix tetrandra



Height	4 - 5 m
Crown	fan-shaped , light, open crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	black bar, twigs shiny and dark reddish brown
Leaf	scaly, tapering to a point, bright green, 0.1 – 0.5 cm
Flowers	in tight clusters, light pink, April/June
Fruits	unremarkable fruit capsules
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	parks, small gardens, coastal areas
Soil moisture	suitable for dry soil, withstand short flood
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	6a (-23,3 to -20,6 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for bees (honey plant)
Application	parks, tree containers, cemeteries, roof gardens, industrial areas, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem tree
Origin	south-eastern Europe and Western Asia

Large bush that grows into a small tree with pendulous twigs. The nearly black bark is slightly grooved at a later age. The twigs are shiny and dark reddish brown. The scaly, narrow, oval leaves are bright green and have a semi-perfoliate base. Leaves on young twigs are oval and 0.4 - 0.5 cm wide, on older branches much smaller, approx. 0.1 cm. Small pale pink flowers grow in tight clusters, 4 - 6 cm long. The crown leaves fall off quickly, but the 4 stamens remain a long time. After flowering, small capsule fruits containing plentiful seeds appear. This Tamarix is excellently suited for coastal areas. When the plant is not blooming, it bears a superficial similarity to some conifers.