



Sorbus 'Astrid'



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| Height | 4 - 5 m |
| Crown | pyramidal, half-open crown |
| Bark and branches | twigs brown, bark grey, smooth |
| Leaf | imparipinnate with 11 - 19 elongated to narrow elliptical leaf segments, matt grey-green, feathered leaf |
| Flowers | white, in corymbs, May/June |
| Fruits | apricot-coloured, 1 - 1.2 cm |
| Spines/thorns | None |
| Toxicity | usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock |
| Soil type | few requirements, can grow on infertile soils |
| Soil moisture | suitable for dry soil |
| Paving | tolerates partial paving |
| Winter hardness zone | 5 (-28,8 to -23,4 °C) |
| Wind resistance | good |
| Other resistances | resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind |
| Fauna tree | resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for bees (honey plant) |
| Application | avenues and broad streets, parks, squares, cemeteries, industrial areas, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens |
| Shape | clearstem tree |
| Origin | Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Alnarp, Sweden |

Small tree with a pyramidal crown, approx. 4 to 5 m tall, 3 to 3.5 m diameter. On older trees the lower branches spread more or less horizontally. The imparipinnate leaves consist of 11 - 19 leaf segments. They have a finely serrated margin and are matt grey-green. In May and June the white flowers appear in wide corymbs. They are followed by the familiar rowan berries. Initially the fruits are matt brownish-red but turn apricot-coloured when ripe. They remain on the tree until into winter, provided they are not eaten by birds. Healthy tree that was developed in Swedish research programme. The seed from which 'Astrid' was produced was collected in Uppsala botanical garden, Sweden. Its small size makes it suitable for streets and gardens.