



Prunus serrulata 'Kanzan'



Height	8 - 10 m
Crown	broad vase-shaped, later overhanging, half-open crown
Bark and branches	smooth brown trunk, twigs reddish-brown
Leaf	elliptical, bronze-green on emerging, later dark green, 7 - 12 cm
Autumn colour	yellow, orange
Flowers	in dense bunches, pure pink, double, late April/early May
Fruits	seldom
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	does not stand up to wet soil.
Paving	tolerates paving
Winter hardiness zone	6a (-23,3 to -20,6 °C)
Wind resistance	fairly
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Application	avenues and broad streets, parks, tree containers, cemeteries, large gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, feathered tree, multi-stem tree
Origin	China, imported into England in 1913
Synonyms	Prunus s. 'Kwanzan', Prunus s. 'New Red', Prunus s. 'Hizakura' HORT

Is one of the best known and most used Japanese ornamental cherry trees. It forms a broad vase-shaped crown that droops somewhat with overhanging branches when older. Height 8 - 10 m, width 5 - 8 m. The smooth bark is brownish-green, twigs reddish-brown. The young leaves are bronze coloured and emerge at the same time as the flowers. In the summer the leaves turn dark green with a somewhat bluish-green underside. The autumn colour is yellow to orange. The elliptical leaf has a long tapered top and the leaf edge is sometimes double serrated. It flowers abundantly from late April to early May, producing double pure pink flowers. These are 3.5 - 4 cm in diameter and are grouped in dense bunches of 2 - 5 together. 'Kanzan' seldom produces fruit. For parks, public gardens avenues and streets. It does not stand up to wet soil.