



## Populus tremula 'Erecta'



<b>Height</b>	15 m
<b>Crown</b>	narrow columnar, half-open crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	twigs yellow-brown, bark light grey, smooth
<b>Leaf</b>	round to ovoid, matt green, 3 - 8 cm long
<b>Flowers</b>	catkins
<b>Fruits</b>	none: male tree, fruitless cultivar
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	any
<b>Soil moisture</b>	suitable for dry soil, withstand short flood, withstand long flood
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates no paving
<b>Winter hardness zone</b>	2 (-45,5 to -40,1 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, parks, cemeteries, coastal areas, windbreaks
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree, feathered tree
<b>Origin</b>	Västergötland, Sweden, 1847

A medium sized tree, found in the mid-19th century in Sweden, with a height of approx. 15 m. The crown is narrow columnar. The leaves are round to ovoid and have a roughly serrated edge. The matt green leaves are 3 - 8 cm in size and have a bluish-green underside. The young leaves are a pretty bronze colour. The autumn colour is yellow to orange. Because of the long leaf stems the tree moves even in a light wind. Produces male catkins and thus no fruit. Little sensitive to sea wind or de-icing salt. Winter hardness zone: 2