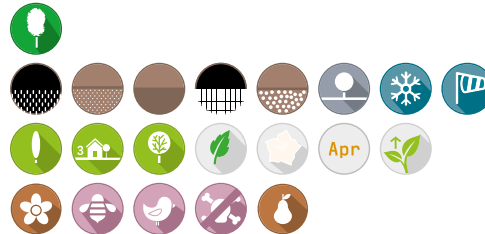




## Malus RED OBELISK ('D.V.P. Obel')



<b>Height</b>	5-6 m
<b>Crown</b>	columnar, half-open crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	brown, grey
<b>Leaf</b>	green, bronze
<b>Flowers</b>	pure white, flowers in April
<b>Fruits</b>	red
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, acid soil, calcareous soil
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5 (-28,8 to -23,4 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good, susceptible to sea wind
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, provides food for birds
<b>Application</b>	narrow streets, parks, squares, cemeteries, industrial areas, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree
<b>Synonyms</b>	Malus 'Red Obelisk'

Small, columnar tree, 5 to 6 m tall. The young twigs are purplish brown, the older bark brown to grey-brown and smooth. The leaves emerge as bronze, turning dark green in summer. Flowers open light pink and turn pure white. At more than 6 cm across, they are strikingly big, blossoming in mid to late April. The shiny red apples are pear-shaped and remain on the tree into November. This cultivar was selected by the Belgian Department of Plant Genetics and Breeding. It has high resistance to scab and its narrow crown makes it suitable for narrower streets.