



# Liriodendron tulipifera

## 'Aureomarginatum'



<b>Height</b>	20 - 25 (35) m
<b>Crown</b>	oval, half-open crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	light grey bark, branches reddish-brown
<b>Leaf</b>	4-lobed, green with yellow edge, 8 - 15 cm long, 9 - 18 cm wide
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	tulip-shaped, green with yellow and orange, June/July
<b>Fruits</b>	conical fruits up to 10 cm long
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	humid and rich
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, parks, squares, cemeteries, industrial areas, large gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree, feathered tree
<b>Origin</b>	Germany, 1865

This cultivar grows more slowly than the species and has a narrower crown that later widens. The trunk is grey and, when older, develops shallow grooves: the young twigs are greenish-grey, later reddish-brown. The leaves are 4-lobed and the top is straight to incised with a shallow V. Each leaf has a wide greenish-yellow edge that turns light green in the course of the summer. The leaves have a bluish-green underside and they turn yellow in the autumn. The flowers appear after the emergence of the leaves. They have a green exterior and a yellow plus orange interior. They are approx. 4 cm long and 6 cm broad. The conical fruit consists of many winged nutlets pressed together in a spiral. Deep loose soil is required because of the deeply penetrating fleshy taproot.