



Juglans regia 'Laciata'



Height	10 - 15 m
Crown	round, irregular, half-open crown
Bark and branches	young twigs grey-brown, bark light grey, deeply grooved
Leaf	imparipinnate, 20 - 30 cm, with 5 - 9 very deeply dissected leaf segments, green, feathered leaf
Flowers	pendent catkins, 6 - 8 cm, 2 or 3 together, May/June
Fruits	walnuts, shallow grooved husk, edible, edible fruits
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	limy, moist soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardness zone	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
Wind resistance	moderate to good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Application	avenues and broad streets, parks, large gardens
Shape	clearstem tree
Origin	19th century

Medium-size to large tree with rather irregular, round crown, up to about 15 m tall. The bark of the trunk and mature branches is light grey and deeply grooved. The imparipinnate leaf has leaf segments dissected nearly to the main veins, giving the tree a fine texture. The blossom and fruits are typical of the species, but 'Laciata' does not generally bear many fruits. The exact origin of this old cultivar is unknown, but it was certainly already being grown in the 19th century. Despite that, it never became a common cultivar. Roots very deeply and much prefers easily penetrable, open soil.