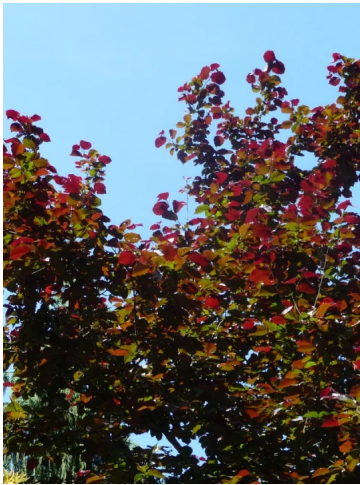




Corylus columna 'Te-Terra Red'



Height	15 m
Crown	broad ovoid to broad conical, half-open crown
Bark and branches	grey, flaking in small plates
Leaf	breed obovate, purplish green, 8 - 12 cm
Flowers	catkins, brownish red, 12 cm, inconspicuous, February/March
Fruits	edible nut, in irregularly shaped, red husks, edible fruits
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	few requirements, preferably limy, sandy soil
Soil moisture	suitable for dry soil
Paving	tolerates paving
Winter hardiness zone	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
Wind resistance	very good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for bees (honey plant)
Application	avenues and broad streets, parks, squares, cemeteries, large gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem treem
Origin	A.F. van Nijnatten, Zundert, Netherlands, 1987

Medium-size tree with a straight, upright trunk and a wide ovoid, later often wide conical, crown, to about 15 m. The trunk develops a rough, corky bark even at a young age. The broad obovate leaf has soft hairs and a double serrated margin. It is purplish green in summer. The young shoots are deep purplish red, contrasting well with the summer leaf. This produces an almost two-toned effect. The graceful male catkins and inconspicuous female blossoms can be followed by edible nuts. The nuts are grouped in red, irregularly shaped, glandular clusters. Has a deep root system. It is a very strong, drought-resistant tree with little susceptibility to disease. Paved surfaces are tolerated well too.