



# Acer pseudoplatanus

## 'Brilliantissimum'



<b>Height</b>	5 - 7 m, slow growing
<b>Crown</b>	round-headed, dark, dense crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	bark grey, branches grey to olive-green
<b>Leaf</b>	from pink via yellow orange to light green, 12 - 20 cm
<b>Flowers</b>	yellow-green, in pendent racemes, April
<b>Fruits</b>	winged nutlets (samara), 3 - 3.5 cm
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	all soils
<b>Soil moisture</b>	withstand short flood
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates partial paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	4 (-34,4 to -28,9 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	very good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for bees (honey plant)
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, parks, squares, cemeteries, coastal areas, industrial areas, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree
<b>Origin</b>	Clark, England, 1905

A small, slow growing shrub with a height to circa 4 m. usually grafted on rootstock and growing into a small tree with a spherical shaped crown, reaching a height of circa 7 m and 5 m across. Because of its striking leaf colour it is an eye-catching tree in spring. The leaf unfurls in spring with a distinctive pink hue and turns into a yellow-orange colour within a few weeks. Later the leaf turns yellow-green and finally light green. The underside of the leaf is always light green. While the leaves unfurl the flowers emerge. The tree is applied in parks. It is also suitable in small gardens. 'Brilliantissimum' does not demand much from the soil. It is tolerant to wet, cold soils and is also wind and sea wind resistant. Bright sunshine may scorch the leaves.