



Acer palmatum 'Garnet'



Height	3 - 4 m
Crown	flat-topped spherical, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	smooth, grey-brown
Leaf	palmatifid with 5 - 7 deeply dissected leaf segments, dark wine red
Autumn colour	red
Flowers	red flower corymbs, May
Fruits	single seeds, winged, always in pairs, pink
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	any, except clay, and not too dry
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardness zone	6 (-23,3 to -17,8 °C)
Wind resistance	moderate to poor
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Application	parks, tree containers, cemeteries, roof gardens, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	multi-stem tree
Origin	Gebr. Guldemond, Boskoop, Netherlands, 1959
Synonyms	<i>Acer p. 'Dissectum Garnet'</i>

‘Garnet’ is probably the most used cultivar of the “Dissectum” group. The plant grows rather more vertically than other cultivars in this group. Eventually, ‘Garnet’ acquires a virtually round habit. If grafted onto a stem, the branches will hang gracefully. The deep, wine-red colour of the leaves is retained all summer, becoming even redder in autumn. The leaf is relatively large, sometimes more than 10 cm on young twigs, and the leaf segments are less deeply dissected than on other “Dissectum” cultivars. This endows ‘Garnet’ with a rather less delicate appearance, but it is a strong and vigorously growing cultivar.