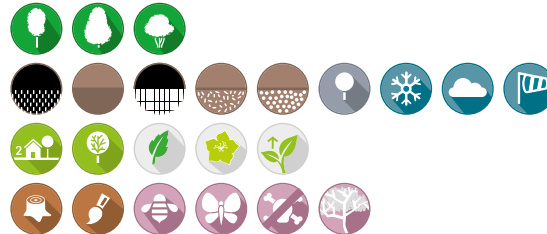




Acer griseum



Height	circa 10 (15) m
Crown	round, half-open crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	young twigs red-brown, older twigs and trunk peel back
Leaf	trifoliate, dark green, 3 - 5 cm
Autumn colour	orange, red
Flowers	yellow-green in clusters, May
Fruits	few, usually empty, red-coloured
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	neutral and lightly acid soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for butterflies
Application	parks, tree containers, cemeteries, roof gardens, large gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, feathered tree, multi-stem tree
Origin	Central China

Growing from a large shrub into a small to medium-sized tree, often multiple stemmed, reaching a height of circa 10 m (rarely higher). The most important feature and at the same time its greatest ornamental trait is the cinnamon-coloured bark, which, like a birch, peels back strongly. After a few years the bark colours into an intense brown-red. The leaves are trifoliate and dark green, the under surface being grey-green. In autumn the colour changes into a magnificent orange to crimson. The growth of the roots is shallow and densely rooted. *A. griseum* belongs to one of the nicest of all maples. It is an outstanding example of a tree that should be planted as a solitary and is suitable for both garden and park. It prefers a lightly acid soil.