



## Acer campestre 'Green Column'



<b>Height</b>	6-8 m
<b>Crown</b>	columnar, dark, dense crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	brown, grey
<b>Leaf</b>	green
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	yellowgreen, flowers in May
<b>Fruits</b>	redgreen, inconspicuous
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, all soil types
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates partial paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good/very good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, narrow streets, parks, squares, tree containers, cemeteries, roof gardens, coastal areas, industrial areas, large gardens, windbreaks
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree, feathered tree
<b>Synonyms</b>	Acer campestre 'Farlake's Column'

Strikingly narrow, small to medium size tree. Narrow and columnar when young, becoming broader later. The upper lateral branches are longer than the central leader. The branches grow from the trunk at an angle of about 30°, thereby producing the columnar crown. Broadly spreading branches also form sometimes. Light corrective pruning is necessary for the first four or five years after planting out to attain a good crown shape. The leaves are bigger than with other cultivars, and dark green. It is free of red spider mite, slightly sensitive to gall mite and sensitive to mildew. Does not grow well enclosed by paved surfaces.